



APPLICABLE MODELS AND MAIN PARAMETERS

Model		MC-SU30-RN8L	MC-SU60-RN8L					
Cooling capacity	kW	27.5	55					
Heating capacity	kW	32.0	62					
Standard cooling input	kW	10.3	21.5					
Cooling rated current	A	15.9	33.1					
Standard heating input	kW	10.0	20.0					
Heating rated current	A	15.4	30.8					
Power supply	380-415V 3N~ 50Hz							
Operation control	Control of wired contr	Control of wired controller, auto startup, running state display, failure alert etc.						
Safety device	High or low pressure switch, freeze-proof device, water flow volume controller, Overcurrent device, power phase sequence device etc.							
Refrigerant	Туре	R32						
	Chargeing volume kg	7.9	14.0					
Water pipe system	Waterflow volume m³/h	5.0	9.8					
	Hydraulic resistance lose kPa	55	61					
	Water side heat exchanger	Plate heat exchanger						
	Max. pressure MPa	1.0						
	Min. pressure MPa	0.05						
	Inlet and outlet pipe dia.	DN40	DN50					
Air side heat exchanger	Туре	Fin coil model						
	Air flow volume m³/h	12500	24000					
Outline dimension N.W. of the unit	L mm	1870	2220					
	W mm	1000	1055					
	H mm	1175	1325					
Net Weight	kg	300	480					
Operation Weight	kg	310	490					
Packing dimension	L × W × H mm	1910×1035×1225	2250×1090×1370					

Inform	ation require	ements	tor co	mfort chillers			
Model(s):		MC-SU60-RN8L					
Outdoor side heat exchanger of chiller:				Air to water			
Indoor side heat exchanger chiller:				Water			
Type:	Compressor driven vapour compression						
Driver of compressor:			l	Electric motor			
Item	Symbol	Value	Unit	Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Rated cooling capacity	P _{rated,c}	55.1	kW	Seasonal space cooling energy efficiency	$\eta_{s,c}$	157.00	%
Declared cooling capacity for part load at temperature T _i	given outdoor			Declared energy efficiency ratio for part load at given outdoor temperature T,			
T _i = + 35°C	P _{dc}	55.10	kW	T _i = + 35°C	EER	2.64	
T _i = + 30°C	P _{dc}	38.72	kW	T _i = + 30°C	EER,	3.52	
T _i = + 25°C	P _{dc}	23.86	kW	T _i = + 25°C	EER	4.50	
T _i = + 20°C	P _{dc}	11.72	kW	T _i = + 20°C	EER _d	5.04	
Degradation co-efficient for chillers (*)	C _{dc}	0.9		,			
Power cons		odes oth	ner thai	n 'active mode'			
Off mode	P _{OFF}	0.030	kW	Crankcase heater mode	P _{CK}	0	kW
Thermostat-off mode	P _{TO}	0.318	kW	Standby mode	P _{SB}	0.030	kW
	(Other ite	ms				
Capacity control	Variable			For air-to-water comfort chillers: air flow rate, outdoor measured		24000	m ₃ /h
Sound power level, indoors/outdoors	L _{wa}	-/86	dB	For water / brine-to-			
Emissions of nitrogen oxides (if applicable)	NO _x (**)		mg/ kWh input GCV	water chillers: Rated brine or water flow rate, outdoor side heat exchanger			m ₃ /h
GWP of the refrigerant		675	kg CO ₂ eq (100 years)				
Standard rating conditions used:	Low temperature application						
Contact details	GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co., Ltd. Penglai industry Road, Beijiao, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, 528311 P.R. China.						

Information requi		- b - ot pun	200	an hou	to and best sums combination hostors			
Information requirements Model(s):	ements for	heat pur	np spa	ice nea	aters and heat pump combination heaters MC-SU60-RN8L			
Air-to-water heat pump:					NIC-3000-KINOL	[ve		
Water-to-water heat pump:					-	[yes]		
Brine-to-water heat pump:							[yes/no]	
							[yes/no]	
Low-temperature heat pump: Equipped with a supplementary h							[yes/no]	
Heat pump combination heater:	<u></u>						[yes/no]	
	acramata	chall h	- 4001	-rad fo	- Law temperature application Otherwise	ГАСО	/IIU]	
					low-temperature application. Otherwise, Parameters shall be declared for average	·		
Item		Symbol	Valu	e Unit	Item Symbol	Value	Unit	
Rated heat output ⁽³⁾ at Tdesignh = (-11) °C	-10	Prated =Pdesignl	36.5	5 kW	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency η_s	151.40	%	
Seasonal coefficient of performan	ice	SCOP	3.86	6	Active mode coef. of performance SCOP _{on}			
					Net seasonal coef. of performance SCOP _{net}			
					<u> </u>		1	
T _i = -7°C		Pdh	32.3	3 kW	T _i = -7°C COPd	2.59		
T _i = +2°C		Pdh	20.6	4 kW	T _i = +2°C COPd	3.76		
T _i = +7°C		Pdh	12.8	9 kW	$T_i = +7^{\circ}C$ COPd	5.04		
T _i = +12°C		Pdh	14.1	8 kW	T _i = +12°C COPd	6.02		
T _i = bivalent temperature		Pdh	32.3	3 kW	T _i = bivalent temperature COPd	2.59		
T _i = operation limit temperature		Pdh	35.4	2 kW	T=operation limit temperature COPd	2.28		
For air-to-water heat pumps: T ₁ = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C)		Pdh		kW	For air-to-water heat pumps: COPd			
Bivalent temperature (maximum +	+2°C)	Tbiv	-10	°C	For air-to-water HP :			
Cycling interval capacity for heating at T _i = -7°C	,	Pcych		kW	Operation limit TOL temperature _(maximum-7°C)	-10	°C	
Degradation coefficient ⁽⁴⁾ at T= -7°	С	Cdh			Heating water	+	<u> </u>	
Cycling interval capacity for heating at T _i =+2°C		Pcych		kW	operating limit temperature WTOL		°C	
Degradation coefficient ⁽⁴⁾ at T= +2	2°C	Cdh			at $T_j = +7^{\circ}C$:		
Cycling interval capacity for heating at T _i = +7°C		Pcych		kW	Cycling interval capacity for heating at T _j =+12°C COPcyc			
Degradation coefficient ⁽⁴⁾ at T _i = +7	7°C	Cdh			Cycling interval efficiency			
Cycling interval capacity for heating at T _i =+12°C		Pcych		kW	Cycling interval capacity for		<u> </u>	
Degradation coefficient ⁽⁴⁾ at T _i = +1	12°C	Cdh	Cdh	-	Incating at 1 _j =112 0			
Power consumption in modes of		1	de		Supplementary heater (to be declared not provided in the unit)	even if		
Off mode		P _{OFF}	0.03	5 kW	Rated heat output(3) Psup			
Thermostat-off mode		P _{TO}	0.40		Type of energy input = sup(Tj)		kW	
Standby mode		P _{SB}	0.03		Outdoor heat exchanger			
Crankcase heater mode		P _{CK}	0.00	kW		21000	0.11	
Other i	items	'CK		1	air flow rate	24000	m³/h	
Capacity control Fix	red/Variable	e Variable			For water-to-water: Rated water flow rate	х	m³/h	
Sound power level, indoors	L _v	L _{wa}		dB(A)	For brine-to-water: Rated	х	m³/h	
Sound power level, outdoors	L _v	_{wa} 86 dl		dB(A)	brine flow rate Q brinesource	^	min	
Contact details	Name and	d address	of the	e manu	facturer or its authorised representative.			

⁽¹⁾ For heat pump space heaters and heat pump combination heaters, the rated heat output Prated is equal to the design load for heating Pdesignh, and the rated heat output of a supplementary heater Psup is equal to the supplementary capacity for heating sup(Tj).

⁽²⁾ If Cdh is not determined by measurement then the default degradation coefficient is Cdh = 0.9.